

SECTION 4 - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

“Ancillary services” means services necessary to maintain the reliability of a transmission system; including frequency control, voltage control, reactive power and operating reserve services;

“Board” means the Ontario Energy Board;

“Complex metering installation” means a metering installation where instrument transformers, test blocks, recorders, pulse duplicators and multiple meters may be employed;

“Conditions of Service” means the document developed by EnWin, in accordance with the Distribution System Code, that describes the operating practices and connection rules for EnWin and the Customer;

“Connection” means the process of installing and activating connection assets in order to distribute electricity to a customer;

“Connection Agreement” means an agreement (contract) entered into between EnWin and a person connected to its distribution system that delineates the conditions of the connection and delivery of electricity to that connection;

“Connection Assets” means that portion of the distribution system used to connect a customer to the existing main distribution system, and consists of the assets between the point of connection on EnWin’s main distribution system and the ownership demarcation point with that customer;

“Consumer” means a person who uses, for the person’s own consumption, electricity that the person did not generate;

“Customer” means a person that has contracted for or intends to contract for connection of a building. This includes developers of residential or commercial sub-divisions;

“Developer” means a person, persons or company owning property, in Windsor, for which new or modified electrical services are to be provided.

“Demand Meter” means a meter that measures a consumer’s peak usage during a specified period of time;

“Disconnection” means a deactivation of connection assets that results in cessation of distribution services to a consumer;

“Distribute”, with respect to electricity, means to convey electricity at voltages of 50 kilovolts or less;

“Distribution Loss Factor” has the meaning described to it in the Retail Settlement Code;

“Distribution losses” means energy losses that result from the interaction of intrinsic characteristics of the distribution network such as electrical resistance with network voltages and current flows;

“Distribution Services” means services related to the distribution of electricity and the services the Board has required distributors to carry out, for which a charge or rate has been approved by the Board under section 78 of the *Act*.

“Distribution System” means a system for distributing electricity, and includes any structures, equipment or other things used for that purpose. A distribution system is comprised of the main system capable of distributing electricity to many customers and the connection assets used to connect a customer to the main distribution system;

“Distribution System Code” means the code, approved by the Board, and in effect at the relevant time, which, among other things, establishes the obligations of EnWin with respect to the services and terms of service to be offered to customers and retailers and provides minimum technical operating standards of distribution systems;

“Distributor” means a person who owns or operates a distribution system;

“Electrical Safety Authority” or “ESA” means the person or body designated under the Electricity Act regulations as the Electrical Safety Authority;

“Electricity Act” means the Electricity Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, c.15, Schedule A;

“Embedded Distributor” means a distributor who is not a wholesale market participant and that is provided electricity by a host distributor;

“Embedded Generator” or “Embedded Generation Facility” means a generator whose generation facility is not directly connected to the Independent Market Operator-controlled grid but instead is connected to EnWin’s system;

“Embedded Retail Generator” means a generator connected to EnWin’s distribution system and settles through EnWin’s retail settlements system and is not a wholesale market participant;

“Embedded Wholesale Consumer” means a consumer who is a wholesale market participant whose facility is connected to the EnWin system. Settlement is through the Independent Market Operator settlements system of the wholesale market;

“Embedded Wholesale Generator” means an embedded generator that is a wholesale market participant;

“Emergency” means any abnormal system condition that requires remedial action to prevent or limit loss of a distribution system or supply of electricity that could adversely affect the reliability of the electricity system;

“Emergency Backup” means a generation facility that has a transfer switch that isolates it from the EnWin distribution system when the generator is supplying the Customer’s load;

“Energy Competition Act” means the Energy Competition Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, c. 15;

“Enhancement” means a modification to EnWin’s existing distribution system that is made for purposes of improving system operating characteristics such as reliability or power quality or for relieving system capacity constraints resulting, for example, from general load growth;

“Expansion” means an addition to EnWin’s distribution system in response to a request for additional customer connections that otherwise could not be made; for example, by increasing the length of the distribution system;

“Four-quadrant Interval Meter” means an interval meter that records power injected into a distribution system and the amount of electricity consumed by the customer;

“Generate”, with respect to electricity, means to produce electricity or provide ancillary services, other than ancillary services provided by Hydro One or EnWin through the operation of a transmission or distribution system;

“Generation Facility” means a facility for generating electricity or providing ancillary services, other than ancillary services provided by Hydro One or EnWin through the operation of a transmission or distribution system, and includes any structures, equipment or other things used for that purpose;

“Generator” means a person who owns or operates a generation facility;

“Good Utility Practice” means any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric utility industry in North America during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgement in light of the facts known at the time the decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with good practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Good utility practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, method, or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather to be acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in North America;

“Holiday” means a Saturday, Sunday, statutory holiday, or any day as defined in the Province of Ontario as a legal holiday;

“Host Distributor” EnWin would be a Host Distributor if they provided electricity to an embedded distributor;

“IMO” means the Independent Electricity Market Operator established under the Electricity Act;

“IMO-Controlled Grid” means the transmission systems with respect to which, pursuant to agreements, the IMO has authority to direct operation;

“Interval Meter” means a meter that measures and records electricity use on an hourly or sub-hourly basis;

“Licence” is the document which has been issued to EnWin, by the Ontario Energy Board, authorizing EnWin to supply electricity to Customers within the EnWin electrical service area.

“Lies Along” A building or customer facility “lies along” a distribution line if a connection can be made in accordance with the EnWin Conditions of Service;

“Load Profile” means a methodology for allocating consumer-specific usage measured by a kilowatt-hour meter for a billing period to hourly periods for the purpose of calculating average electricity prices;

“Market Rules” means the rules made under section 32 of the Electricity Act;

“Measurement Canada” means the Special Operating Agency established in August 1996 by the Electricity and Gas Inspection Act, 1980-81-82-83, c. 87., and Electricity and Gas Inspection Regulations (SOR/86-131);

“Meter Installation” means the meter and, if so equipped, the instrument transformers, wiring, test links, fuses, lamps, loss of potential alarms, meters, data recorders, telecommunication equipment and spin-off data facilities installed to measure power past a meter point, provide remote access to the metered data and monitor the condition of the installed equipment;

“Meter Service Provider (MSP)” means any entity that performs metering services on behalf of a distributor;

“Metering Services” means installation, testing, reading and maintenance of meters;

“MIST meter” means an interval meter from which data is obtained and validated within a designated settlement timeframe. MIST refers to “Metering Inside the Settlement Timeframe;”

“MOST meter” means an interval meter from which data is only available outside of the designated settlement timeframe. MOST refers to “Metering Outside the Settlement Timeframe;”

“Non-interval Meter” means a device that measures and records electrical usage cumulatively over the meter reading period;

“Ontario Energy Board Act” means the Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, c.15, Schedule B;

“Operating Control” is where the EnWin electrical operators have sole authority to control the operation of a device within or connected to the EnWin distribution system.

“Operational Demarcation Point” means the physical location at which EnWin’s responsibility for operational control of distribution equipment including connection assets ends at the customer;

“Operations Agreement” means an agreement entered into between EnWin and the Generator which will specify standards and procedures for operating and maintaining the Generation Facility.

“Owner” means person, persons or company owning property in Windsor on which work is to be done by EnWin Powerlines Ltd.

“Ownership Demarcation Point” means the physical location at which EnWin’s ownership of distribution equipment including connection assets ends at the customer;

“Point of Supply,” with respect to an embedded generator, means the connection point where electricity produced by the generator is injected into a distribution system;

“Power Factor” means a variable equal to the ratio of kW and kVa demand;

“Primary Metering” means the meter point is located on the primary side of the distribution transformer;

“Rate” means any rate, charge or other consideration, and includes a penalty for late payment;

“Rate Handbook” means the document approved by the Board that outlines the regulatory mechanisms that will be applied in the setting of distributor rates;

“Regulations” means the regulations made under the Act or the Electricity Act ;

“Retail”, with respect to electricity means,

- 1) to sell or offer to sell electricity to a consumer
- 2) to act as agent or broker for a retailer with respect to the sale or offering for sale of electricity, or
- 3) to act or offer to act as an agent or broker for a consumer with respect to the sale or offering for sale of electricity.

“Retail Settlement Code” means the code approved by the Board and in effect at the relevant time, which, among other things, establishes EnWin’s obligations and responsibilities associated with financial settlement among retailers and customers and provides for tracking and facilitating customer transfers among competitive retailers;

“Retailer” means a person who retails electricity;

“Service Area,” with respect to EnWin, means the area in which EnWin is authorized by its license to distribute electricity;

“Shortfall” means the amount less than zero from the calculation of the Net Present Value of the net revenue forecasted minus the capital cost of the expansion to EnWin’s distribution system;

“Spot Market Price Pass-through” means the wholesale price of the IMO-administered market for electricity is being paid by an embedded wholesale consumer.

“Standard Supply Service Code (SSS)” means the code approved by the Board and in effect at the relevant time, which, among other things, establishes EnWin’s obligations and responsibilities to sell electricity under section 29 of the Electricity Act 1998, unless otherwise stated in its distribution licence

“TOU Meter” means the ability to measure electrical power on a time-of-use basis and reporting energy and demand from two or more discrete time intervals. Depending on the rate definition, the time intervals may be fixed on a daily basis or may only occur during specified system conditions.

“Transmission System” means a system for transmitting electricity, and includes any structures, equipment or other things used for that purpose;

“Transmitter” means a person who owns or operates a transmission system;

“Unmetered Loads” means electricity consumption that is not metered and is billed based on estimated usage;

“Wholesale Buyer” means a person that purchases electricity or ancillary services in the IMO-administered markets or directly from a generator;

“Wholesale Market Participant”, means a person that sells or purchases electricity or ancillary services through the IMO-administered markets;

“Wholesale Settlement Cost” means costs for both competitive and non-competitive services billed to a distributor by the IMO or a host distributor, or provided by an embedded retail generator or by a neighboring distributor;